THE STATE OF GUN VIOLENCE IN UTAH

Utah’s weak gun laws endanger vulnerable members of the population, particularly those at risk for suicide. Utah lawmakers can and must do more to address this public safety issue.

GUN SUICIDE
- More than 84% of gun deaths in Utah are suicides, and more than half of all suicide deaths in Utah involve firearms.
- From 2013 to 2017, 1,539 people in Utah died by gun-related suicide. That’s one every 28 hours.

URBAN GUN VIOLENCE
- Gun violence has a disproportionate impact on urban communities of color.
- Hispanic men make up less than 7% of Utah’s population, but account for nearly 23% of the state’s gun homicide victims.
- In Utah, Hispanic men ages 18–24 are more than 6 times more likely than white men the same age to be murdered with a gun.

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE
- Guns make domestic violence incidents far more likely to end in death.
- Nearly 55% of Utah’s intimate partner homicides involve a gun.
- From 2007 to 2016, 35 women were killed with a gun by their intimate partner in Utah.

YOUNG PEOPLE AND GUNS
- Exposure to gun violence can cause lasting trauma in young people, leading to PTSD, chronic stress, and decreased future earnings.
- From 2008 to 2017, 601 people under age 25 were killed with a gun in Utah.
- Guns are the second-leading cause of death for Utah children ages 1–17.

PROVEN SOLUTIONS TO PREVENT GUN VIOLENCE IN UTAH

Utah has weak gun safety laws. The state has the 21st-highest gun death rate in the country and supplies crime guns to other states at twice the rate it imports them. To strengthen Utah’s gun laws, legislators could require background checks for all gun sales and pass an extreme risk protection order law. Learn more about Utah’s gun laws at lawcenter.giffords.org/UT.

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